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2 Calls

ADLAI ON THE STUMP

He Has Tendered His Services to the Illinois Campaign Committee.

PLEASANT WORDS FOR MR. HILL

The Vice President Considers Him a Very Able Man.

DAN LAMONT GOES TO NEW YORK

Mr. Cleveland Was to See the Faction in His Own State United, According to the Rumors.

Washington, October 5.—(Special).—Vice President Stevenson has returned to Washington for a few days before going to Illinois to participate in the campaign in that state. Since the adjournment of congress he has been at Sorrento, Me.

To a representative of the Constitution Mr. Stevenson said today: "I know very little about the political situation except what I have learned from the newspapers. I hope and expect to see the democratic party triumphant everywhere and am especially desirous that it should harmonize in New York in support of the regular ticket. I know nothing about the local differences in that state, but I think they should be laid aside for the present for the good of the party there and elsewhere. Mr. Hill is a very able man. Those who think otherwise do not know him. He has developed since he entered the senate, and has demonstrated his ability on more than one occasion. He is the nominee of the party, and the party should win."

Will Take an Active Part. Mr. Stevenson was at the headquarters for some time. He was in quest of information and expressed gratification at the hopefulness of the outlook. He expects to take an active part in the campaign in Illinois and possibly elsewhere. Mr. Stevenson has placed himself in the hands of the state committee, and will make addresses wherever they desire. Mr. Stevenson's expressions regarding Senator Hill and the campaign in New York are regarded as significant of the friendly attitude of the administration toward Mr. Hill's candidacy. Of more importance, however, is indicating the desire of the president to see the factions in New York harmonize, is the statement made here today that Secretary Lamont has been requested by President Cleveland to confer with ex-Secretary Whitney and others with a view of bringing about this end. Mr. Lamont went to New York last night. It is understood, at the request of President Cleveland, who telegraphed to Gray Gables.

Good Will for Hill. It is said by many political circles that the president, like Vice President Stevenson, is anxious that the democrats should win in New York, and he wishes all his friends to support Mr. Hill. This is the most important political information that has been received in Washington since Senator Hill's nomination. With the support of the administration on his side, Mr. Hill, it is believed, will carry the state with but little difficulty. Harmony in the party, it is also predicted, means the return probably of a democrat from each of the congressional districts that gave a democratic majority in 1892.

Senator Faulkner, chairman of the democratic congressional campaign committee, left for New York this morning to look after this part of the work. He refused to state the object of his visit, but it is generally understood that he wishes to aid in the work of harmonizing, with a view to aiding the congressional candidates.

Senator Hill, so his friends say here, positively refuses to make terms to gain the administration's support, and that this method has made the administration seek out Hill.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Wheat's Trial—The Wool Schedule to Come Up in Court, Etc.

Washington, October 5.—District Attorney Hovey said today that Captain Hovey would surely be brought to trial within a few days. It was not at all likely, he added, that the case would come up this month. Mr. Birney has decided that there is no necessity for arraigning Captain Hovey or for taking bail as he had pleaded guilty to all the indictments against him in 1882, and as bail had been fixed at \$30,000, Captain Hovey would be tried on an indictment which practically covers all his alleged embezzlements from the government, amounting to \$200,000.

Argument on the application for a writ of mandamus to compel Secretary Carlisle to issue a license to the sugar planters of Louisiana, in order that the company may strengthen its endeavor to secure the sugar bounty for the current fiscal year, was concluded today before Judge McComas, sitting as a judge of the district supreme court. Decision was reserved.

The vexed question arising in the wool schedule of the new tariff bill will be finally settled in the courts. This decision was reached by Secretary Carlisle today as the most satisfactory method of disposing of the matter. Until January 1st next, therefore, the position taken by the board of general appraisers at New York that the McKinley bill rates of duty obtained on wool, and that that of animal hair wool, will be followed by the treasury department in assessing the duty on this schedule. Importers can file their protests and protect themselves, even in the decision of the courts. If adverse to the government, the difference between the higher and lower rates of duty will, of course, be refunded.

IS IT A LOTTERY?

Ex-Governor Beveridge Says He Will Prove It Is Not

Chicago, October 5.—Ex-Governor John T. Beveridge, of Illinois; F. D. Arnold and S. M. Biddison were prisoners in United States Commissioner Hayne's court this afternoon charged with violating the postal laws by practicing a lottery scheme through the mails. The men are the president, vice president and secretary-treasurer, respectively, of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, which is alleged to be a more initiative in its methods of the late Guaranty Investment Company, which lately had trouble with the authorities.

Mr. Biddison, however, denies that this is the case, and claims that his company contains no lottery elements. All the parties to the case gave bail and were released. Ex-Governor Beveridge was allowed to go on his own recognizance. Mr. Biddison

bail in the sum of \$5,000 and Mr. Arnold in the sum of \$3,000.

The information against the company was filed by William G. D. Mercer, post-office inspector for the state of Iowa. Mr. Mercer was the company's agent at Cornelia, Ia. As soon as he discovered that the company was, as he thought, breaking the postal laws, he resigned and brought the charges, which resulted in today's arrests. Ex-Governor Beveridge has been mounting this investigation and will be glad to have the opportunity to show that it is not justified. He does not fear an adverse decision. The company has a very large clientele, not only in Chicago, but also in other parts of the country.

THE COURT ASKED TO INTERFERE

With the Discharge of Men Because They Belong to a Union.

Philadelphia, Pa., October 5.—Attorney William T. Montague, of Washington, appeared in the United States circuit court this morning and asked Judge Dallas to interfere with the intended discharge, of Monday, of some of the employees of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, which he said was to be made because of their connection with a labor organization. He applied for a restraining order to prevent the discharge of the men until the matter could be disposed of by the court.

As Attorney Montague had not notified the counsel of the Reading receivers, Judge Dallas declined to take immediate action. The matter was postponed until Monday at 10 o'clock a. m., and in the meantime the receiver's counsel will be given notice of the proceedings.

The name of the labor organization and the number of men to be discharged were suppressed. The only reference to the organization by Attorney Montague was that the grand master workman lives in Illinois. There were railroad employees with the lawyer, but their names were not given to the judge.

Mr. Montague did not file a petition which he had in his hands while addressing the court, but took it away with him. Mr. Wilkinson, the head of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, resides at Galesburg, Ill., it is presumed that this is the organization involved.

TO FIGHT THE TRUST.

An Immense Steel Rail Plant to Be Erected at Youngstown.

Pittsburg, Pa., October 5.—Powerful competition to the steel rail plant now being erected at Youngstown, Pa., from the Mahoning valley. At Youngstown, O., an immense plant has been erected by the Ohio Steel Company at a cost of \$1,000,000. In January next it will be placed in operation and will employ a large and selected crew of experienced workmen. The plant will have a capacity of 1,000 tons of steel rails per day and by reason of the many modern improvements employed will do the work at a great saving in cost over present methods. The new development threatens destruction to the colossal pool which now virtually controls steel rails and sells them at the United States price. It seems certain that steel rails will be cheaper in a few months than ever before in America. The plant was extensively constructed for the manufacture of steel billets to supply the mills in the Mahoning valley, who heretofore have purchased this product from Pittsburg manufacturers. The mills are so constructed, however, that with the necessary rolls, which will be employed, billets or rails may be turned out at the will of the operators. The start in January will be on billets. Subsequently steel rails will be the main product of the plant, which will give employment to 1,000 men.

SHOT ONE OF THE ROBBERS

Who Dynamited the Bank Safe at Bloomfield, Ind.

Bloomfield, Ind., October 5.—The robbers who dynamited the Bloomfield bank safe on Wednesday night and got away with \$2,000 in cash, were shot down by a posse and bloodhounds near this place last night. A desperate fight was kept up and the robbers finally retreated. There were three of them, one of whom was shot down. He was taken to Smith City, four miles from here, and gave the name of Charles Rivers, of Indianapolis. Rivers had \$1,000 of the stolen money on his person. He is now in the hospital and will die. The other two are still at large.

KILLED THE MINISTER

Who Was Trying to Take a Letter by Force.

Louisville, Ky., October 5.—Rev. John W. Welker was knocked down and killed near Corydon, Ind., yesterday by David Wheat. The latter had received notice warning him to leave the country on pain of being white-slipped. He was visited by masked men last Sunday night, but drove them away with a few shots. Yesterday Mr. Welker and his son Alva went to Wheat and ordered him to give them the warning note. Upon his refusal a fight followed and in the melee Wheat knocked the minister down with a bill of wood and killed him.

THROUGH A BRIDGE.

A Train Takes a Plunge and Passengers Drop in the Water.

Anneton, Ala., October 5.—(Special).—The passenger coach, mail and baggage car and two coal cars of a mixed train on the Birmingham and Atlantic road went through the bridge over the Coosa river this afternoon. The train was en route from Pell City to Talladega, and had a passenger car, a woman and her children and a negro. The negro was killed and the woman and children were, with difficulty, rescued from drowning. A number of people were injured. Among them were the conductor, fireman, mail clerk and baggage man, but none were dangerously hurt.

Crisp to Speak in Ohio.

Columbus, O., October 5.—The state democratic executive committee states that Speaker Crisp, Senator Voorhees and ex-Governor Campbell will speak at Mansfield on Monday, October 8th, and at Nashville, Tenn., October 10th.

County Commissioners Indicted.

Columbus, O., October 5.—The grand jury today returned indictments against the county commissioners, charging malfeasance on four counts. The indictments are the result of examinations of the proceedings of the board made by a committee appointed by the court last summer. The members of the board are L. M. Light and Thomas D. Cassidy, democrats, and Joseph A. McDonald, republican.

Rosebery's Colt Won.

London, October 5.—This was the opening day of the Kempton Park autumn meeting. The event of the day was the race for the Imperial Kempton Park Great Breeders' stakes of 5,000 sovereigns, one mile. The race was won by Lord Rosebery's colt, Sir Visto, with Mr. Daniel Cooper's bay filly, Fleet, in the second place, and Mr. A. M. Cox's bay or brown filly, Gales, in third.

MEAT FOR THE TIGER.

Anti-Tammany Clubs Put Out a Ticket in the City.

IT IS A QUEER COMBINATION

Strong, a Republican, Named for Mayor and Goff for Recorder.

JUDGE GAYNOR DECLINES TO RUN

Now Senator Hill Lets It Be Known That He Will Make the Race—Lamont Explains His Presence.

New York, October 5.—The conference of the various anti-Tammany associations was held this afternoon in the United Charities building. There were present committees from the O'Brien and Tammany democracy; the Grace new state democracy; the Steeple Independent county democracy; the Confederated Good Government Clubs; the Republican Organization Club, and the German-American Reform Union.

The committee of seventy this afternoon had prepared a regular county ticket, which was unanimously adopted by the committee. It was as follows: Mayor, Colonel William L. Strong; recorder, John W. Goff; president of the board of aldermen, John J. Jerome; sheriff, Otto Kemper; judge of the superior court, Henry S. Peek; coroners, Dr. William O'Meara and Dr. W. E. Hoebel.

There were thirty delegates present from each of the anti-Tammany associations, and each man was a prominent member of the association he represented. The session lasted over three hours, and when it came to a close nothing definite had been done. The German-American committee of seventy's ticket entitled, refusing to have anything to do with a ticket which was headed by a republican as candidate for mayor. The German-American Union, through its spokesman, Theodore Suero, said that they accepted the nomination of Mr. Goff for recorder, but that they could not accept the rest of the ticket until they had consulted with the organization.

What a Mixture.

The followers of James O'Brien, through their spokesman, Captain Brady, declared that they were willing to accept the ticket of the committee of seventy's ticket, but they would not stick to the committee of seventy's ticket. The Times tomorrow will publish the following:

In all the conferences yesterday morning or last night, the anti-Tammany committee of administration, and the presence in town of Colonel D. L. Montague, secretary of war, was taken as an indication that a republican representative of the administration was interfering with the campaign. Colonel Montague himself exploded these theories to a representative of The New York Times, who saw him last night. "I have been in New York," he said, "purely on business connected with the war department and with keep engagements made a long time ago with army officials. Outside of army officers you are the only person I have seen since my arrival."

Hill Saved Wood.

"An intimate friend of Senator Hill, in discussing the apparent lethargy in democratic circles, explained the situation thus: 'Up to now today it was by no means settled that the anti-Tammany ticket in Congressman Lockwood would accept the nomination state convention had conferred upon them. Each was willing to yield to some other candidate. The right man was chosen. At no time since the convention adjourned has either one of these candidates expressed a willingness to accept the nomination, and at all times they were willing to let the matter rest. The anti-Tammany would concede and unite the party. Not till today, when Judge Gaynor declined the honor Senator Hill wished to impose upon him, of taking the nomination for governor, would the anti-Tammany ticket be determined. Had Gaynor accepted Hill would have retired and taken the stump for him and the rest of the ticket.'"

JUDGE GAYNOR DECLINES

The Nomination as Judge of the Court

Brooklyn, N. Y., October 5.—William J. Gaynor this evening wrote a letter to the Hon. J. W. Hinkley, chairman of the democratic state committee, declining the nomination conferred upon him by the democratic party to succeed on their ticket for judge of the court of appeals. In his letter Judge Gaynor says:

"The reasons which I publicly assigned for not wishing to become the nominee for governor preclude me from accepting any place on the ticket, as may be seen by recurring to them, and I am, therefore, constrained to decline the nomination for judge of the court of appeals. I feel for it, and as much as I should like to hold a place of so much usefulness. 'If I thought that the withdrawal of my name would injure Senator Hill's chances I would try to see some way to allow it to remain, for his recent development in the national senate places him with the foremost public men of his day. Between him and his opponent he should, and I trust will, prevail.'"

WRECKS ON THE KEYS.

Loss of Life by the Hurricane of Last Week.

Key West, Fla., October 5.—Nearly every day fresh information reaches here from the keys surrounding this place relative to the loss of life in the recent hurricane. Mr. Plinder, who resides on East Matcumbe key, was here today. He says that on the morning of September 25th two sailors drifted ashore with life preservers from the British bark, Brandon, of Quebec, from Ship Island, Passaicoula, for Liverpool, with a cargo of timber, which ran ashore on Crooked reef, at 10 o'clock, on the night of September 25th, and after pounding over the reef, got into the channel and capsized. Another of the crew came ashore the same night. There were seventeen in all on board, and there are only three that have been heard of since. The captain, William Redford, had one leg broken by a wave as soon as the ship had struck the reef, and a Norwegian sailor had both legs crushed—a wave knocking him down by the pumps and throwing a piece of timber across both legs, and while two of his shipmates were trying to relieve him another wave lifted the timber so they could draw him out. They then fastened a life preserver on him. These survivors think that he, the

captain, mate, steward and another of the crew were drowned as they were all in the cabin when the ship turned bottom upwards. The shore is littered with pieces of her cabin, forecabin and house and three of her boats, all smashed to pieces. Some few pieces of hewn lumber from her deck are on shore. The names of the survivors of the British bark, Brandon, are John T. Warren, Woolwich, England; William Spoforth and Lennart Lax, Finland, Russia.

The Norwegian ship, Theora, was lost off the harbor, but fortunately all hands were saved. W. J. H. Taylor, the English, Swedish and French vice consul, provided for the crews and looked in every manner after their comfort.

On September 25th Messrs. Sam Williams and Leonard Lowe discovered the body of a drowned man on the outside of Tanager key. After informing some neighbors of the circumstances they repaired to a place above all by the morning and prepared a grave above the hurricane tide and laid it to rest, a stranger to all present. The body was much swollen and discolored, having nothing upon it which would lead to identification.

It is likely that the number of lives lost will never be known as communication with the keys is difficult.

Damage to Banana Crop.

New York, October 5.—Incoming vessels continue to bring details of the destruction wrought by the great cyclone, which originated in the West Indies, laying waste vast tracts of land and playing havoc with everything afloat. The steamer Tyrrian arrived last night from Olney, a whaler, and had gone for a cargo of bananas. None were to be had, however. The plantations for miles in the eastern end of Cuba had been devastated. About 500,000 bunches of the fruit, it was estimated, had been ruined. The vessel managed to secure a small cargo of sugar and tobacco.

The steamer Panama, from Havana, September 30th, brought further particulars of the work of the cyclone as it came from the ocean, the high tides caused the river Sagua to rise so high that a third of the town's population were driven from their homes, while many sought safety on the slanting tops of their houses. The flood lasted forty-eight hours. Rain poured in torrents for three days, having commenced September 25th. From such reports as were at hand, the order and the sailing it was believed that the loss of life in Cuba would reach as high as 200, while the property damaged is estimated at between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000.

Floods in Cuba.

Havana, October 5.—Rain has been falling heavily for the past two days throughout the island of Cuba and the rivers have overflowed their banks in the Vuelta Abajo district. Railway communication has been cut off. The province of Pinar del Rio, are under water, as is also Guara, in the province of Havana.

BENEATH THE WALLS.

Six Lives Lost at a Fire in Detroit Yesterday.

Detroit, Mich., October 5.—Fire at 7:45 o'clock this morning completely gutted Keenan & Jahn's furniture store at Nos. 215, 215 and 217 Woodward avenue, entailing a loss of \$50,000 on stock and \$25,000 on the building. The fire started in the boiler room and shot up the freight elevator shaft, gaining such a headway that the firemen were unable to save any portion of the building or contents.

The floors of the building fell in at 9:15 o'clock and the front and rear walls immediately collapsed. The men of the company No. 9, chemical No. 1 and truck No. 2 were working in the windows and doors on the ground floor in front. In the rear the men of engine company No. 8 were playing on the fire from a bridge that spanned the street. The men were working close to the rear walls and when they collapsed they were completely imbedded in the debris. Every man in the company, except the captain, was more or less injured and Frederick A. Bussey, a spectator, who was standing beneath the bridge, was killed. The work of rescue was immediately begun and in fifteen minutes the men who had been working in the alley were taken out. The firemen working on the front of the building did not fare so well, however. When the first crack of the falling floors was heard, the men started to run, but the walls came down on them so swiftly that all were buried under tons of brick and mortar. The walls did not fall outside of the middle of the side wall, and the men who had been working on the walk before the work of rescue, in front began. The corrected list of killed and injured is as follows:

Dead.

LIEUTENANT MICHAEL DONAGHUE, of chemical No. 1.

RICHARD DELLY, pipeman, engine No. 9.

JOHN W. PAGEL, pipeman, engine No. 9.

MARTIN BALL, pipeman, engine No. 9.

GULIE C. CUMMINGS, truck No. 2.

FREDERICK A. BUSSEY, a spectator.

Injured.

Fred Drabheim, engine No. 8, badly injured; Michael C. Gray, badly hurt about head and body; Lieutenant Patrick O'Rourke, engine No. 8, badly injured; E. E. Stocks, pipeman, engine No. 8; Bartholomew Cronin, pipeman, engine No. 8; John R. Nevill, truck No. 2, leg and arm injured; fireman; Thomas G. Gurney, first man; Henry E. Horrig, spectator. None of the last six named are badly injured.

The building was a five-story brick with twelve-inch filled walls, and it is said that it had been condemned as being unsafe. The insurance on the building foots up \$10,000 and on the stock about \$50,000.

GIVEN TO THE JURY.

The Fate of Mills Is in the Hands of the Jury.

Raleigh, N. C., October 5.—(Special).—In the murder trial of George Mills today the entire session of the superior court was consumed by the argument. The state contended that Mills had ruined his niece, Anna Wimberly, Counsel for the defense argued that even admitting what the prosecution had said against Mills to be true, he was not guilty of murder in the first degree. His counsel averred that he was like an animal without reason well developed and that he did not have the power to formulate and premeditate a purpose. He declared that the prisoner's partial idioty dated from his birth and that he was an unfortunate instrument of designing people and no more responsible than a dumb brute. At 6 o'clock the jury took the case.

A Detective Organization.

San Francisco, Cal., October 5.—One of the members of the court of inquiry investigating the conduct of the military at Sacramento during the railway strike, states that it has been demonstrated in the evidence that the California national guard is most defective in organization, and that the general officers are much to be blamed. It is believed Governor Markham will insist on a court-martial.

IN REPLY TO THE A. P. A.

Patrick Egan Writes of the Secret, Outbound Organization.

MEANT TO OVERTHROW A RELIGION

A Seat Is Offered in the Ring to Choice Spirits.

IT IS AN UNCHRISTIAN-LIKE ORDER

This One Has No Mercy—Egan Has Something to Say in Regard to the Policy of the Church.

New York, October 5.—At a meeting of the executive national protective committee, chairman Manley submitted a long letter from Patrick Egan, dated September 11th, bearing upon the American Protective Association. After giving the purposes for which the American Protective Association was formed, viz: to retard and break down the power of the pope, and also to oppose the Roman Catholic candidates for public offices, Mr. Egan says:

"The American Protective Association endorses a campaign of the most deliberate, venomous and outrageous misrepresentation and slander against the Roman Catholic church, its rights, its origin, its clergy, its convents and its members, and above all, by attributing to the papal authority certain designs and purposes in regard to the politics of this country which the American Roman Catholic hierarchy and the laity members of the Roman Catholic church would themselves be the very first to rise up against and defeat."

"It is attempting by stealth, by secret delegations, and by fallacious representation to repudiate the numerical strength and influence, to intimidate and capture weak-kneed politicians of all parties and commit them to pledges to support the un-Christian and un-American objects of the order, and soiling that all present indications point in the direction of republican success, it is making special efforts to attach itself to the republican party that it may be able to claim a share in its prospective victories."

"The Roman Catholics, numbering at present nearly one-fifth of the population of the United States, never have sought and never will seek any advantage of their fellow citizens. They never have countenanced, and never will countenance, either persecution or proscription against any other section of the people on account of religious beliefs. They have never sought in the past, nor will they ever seek in the future, any more than that equity, to which the constitution of their country, they are entitled."

"I feel confident that the enlightened sentiment of the American people can be depended upon to very soon stamp out the present obnoxious attempt to revive among us the feuds and horrors of 'know-nothingism.' Meantime, I feel that we Catholic republicans have a right to expect from our leaders the assurance that all attempts on the part of those bigots and disturbers to exploit our party will be strongly disapproved and repudiated. If any such alliance will be entered into, or undertakings or pledges be given to the so-called American Protective Association or to any kindred association."

"The committee members were loath to say anything upon the subject after the meeting, but it was gathered that they had thought it wise to take no action in the matter, holding that they should not touch upon a question that had been ignored by the state convention. This plank was submitted to the committee on platform for the convention. The committee members were loath to say anything upon the subject after the meeting, but it was gathered that they had thought it wise to take no action in the matter, holding that they should not touch upon a question that had been ignored by the state convention. This plank was submitted to the committee on platform for the convention. The committee members were loath to say anything upon the subject after the meeting, but it was gathered that they had thought it wise to take no action in the matter, holding that they should not touch upon a question that had been ignored by the state convention. 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FACTS WORTH KNOWING

THINGS YOU'LL KNOW IN 10

Never before in the history of the Shoe business in Atlanta has such a magnificent selection of exclusive designs been shown by any house. We don't ask any more for them than others charge for old styles and inferior qualities. You owe it to yourself to see what we have.

OUR STOCK is larger than ever.
OUR PRICES are lower than ever.
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Footcoverers to all Mankind. 27 Whitehall.

TAKE A LOOK!

AT THE NOVELTIES IN OUR FALL STOCK. THEY COMPRISE THE LATEST
FABRICKS, CUT AND MADE IN THE LATEST STYLES WHICH WE OFFER AT

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IF YOU DO NOT LIKE THE NOVELTIES, WE HAVE A NEW LINE OF OLD
FAVORITES, CLAYS, WORSTEDS AND CHEVIOTS.

WE WANT YOU TO EXAMINE THEM FOR THEY ARE SURE TO PLEASE.
FILLED WITH ALL THE INDESCRIBABLE ELEGANCE THAT DISTINGUISHES
THE BETTER CLASS OF CUSTOM MADE GARMENTS.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

STEWART COLE & CALLAWAY.

26 Whitehall St.

extent in the west. One of their notes, on which they secured \$15,000 from a Connecticut bank, went to protest today. It was due in five days' notice, and it was called

WILL MEET TODAY.

The firm had a handsomely engraved

form of note, showing that it borrowed extensively. In the case of the Connecticut bank mentioned above, the collateral for the note was \$3,000,000 Central Trust Company first mortgage bonds and \$14,000,000 5 per cent bonds of the American Debenture Company, of New York. The debenture company was a creation of Coffin & Stanton's. It issued its own bonds, and these were placed in trust with the Atlantic Trust Company to secure the securities which came into the hands of Coffin & Stanton. The debenture company was authorized to issue \$2,000,000 of bonds. It put out from \$1,000,000 to \$1,250,000 of the bonds, but up to date has retired all but \$250,000 of them. The actual cause of the stringency in the affairs of the firm appears to have been their inability to find a market for the municipal securities which came into the hands of Coffin & Stanton. The bank which made loans to them will sustain considerable losses. They were rated at Broadway at between \$400,000 and \$500,000, but at late their credit had been poor. The principal office of the firm is at 65 Broadway street. The firm is composed of William E. Coffin and Walter L. Stanton and has been in existence about ten years.

Securities at Auction.

New York, October 5.—In pursuance of an order of Judge Lacombe, in the United

at the circuit court, ex United States Martin Jacobus will sell at auction on October 19th, 1887, the East Tennessee Land Company in a miscellaneous lot of securities and notes. The sale is to satisfy a claim by Herman Niemeyer for \$25,000, with interest. The levy on the property was made by the sheriff on November 17, 1886. Ex-Marshall Jacobus has charge of the sale because Niemeyer's action was begun while Mr. Jacobus was United States marshal.

Went to the Wall.

Milwaukee, Wis., October 5.—The Wisconsin Patriot Company, which published the Wisconsin Patriot, made a voluntary assignment yesterday A. C. McCrorie signed the assignment papers. The company has been in the paper which had been the Wisconsin organ of the American Protective Association.

Damaged by the Floods.

Vienna, October 5.—Rains and floods are causing much damage in Austria. Several bridges and railway banks have been destroyed. The Gratz district suffered the most. No deaths have been reported. The floods are increasing.

A large supply of Mr. Price's Baking Powder was recently shipped to Johannesburg and Transvaal, South Africa. Its name is world-wide.

ASKS FURTHER TIME.

Mrs. Drayton's Counsel Wants Another Extension.

Somerville, N. J., October 5.—There is another postponement in the J. Coleman Drayton divorce proceedings and now no one knows when the issue will be joined. The answer by Mrs. Drayton to her husband's petition for divorce has not been filed, nor will it be filed tomorrow or next day, until this afternoon, as supposed to be the last day for the filing of the same. This afternoon the Hon. Alva A. Clark told that Mr. Shipman, counsel for Mrs. Drayton, had asked for another adjournment. The question of adjournment was decided by the court on Saturday afternoon.

The question of salaries will be one of the features of the session this afternoon.

The application of Stewart S. Bowden for a building permit for a three-story building at Bartow, will come up, too. These gentlemen are prepared to build one of the largest and finest stables in the south, but the city council is not in favor of it. They are not favorably inclined towards a large stock stable, and an attempt has been made to prevent the erection of the same. The city council, however, has referred the matter to the general council, the fire department committee having made a favorable report on the petition for the permit. There was objection to the building, and the council adjourned.

extension of time bond that shipped in quick to file her answer. Mr. Nixon asked for only a few minutes of additional courtesy. Mr. Clark has agreed to extend this day for filing the answer. The court has granted the motion that the counsel for Mrs. Drayton has asked for a postponement. And while the court has granted the motion, it is honorable he says positively that he will not submit to any further "retarded" or "retarded" counsel. He is not known to be a "retarded" counsel. It is thought he expected Mrs. Drayton to arrive from the "retarded" counsel office to do so and the impossibility of counsel seeing her as the second general counsel for asking for a postponement of time.

Buck

AT THE NOVELTIES IN OUR FALL STOCK. THEY COMPRISE THE LATEST
FABRICKS, CUT AND MADE IN THE LATEST STYLES WHICH WE OFFER AT
POPULAR PRICES.

STEWART COLE & CALLAWAY

Two or three weeks ago. Payment was demanded, but Coffin & Stanton could pay only \$500 and gave small notes extending over a protracted period for the remainder. The firm had a handsomely engraved form of note, showing that it borrowed extensively. In the case of the Connecticut

The actual cause of the stringency in the affairs of the firm appears to have been their inability to find a market for the municipal securities which came into their hands. It is feared that the banks which made loans to them will sustain considerable losses. They were rated by the board, the council and the mayor as fixed, too, while the question of the Stewart & Bowden stables, on Marietta street, will be definitely settled.

The law requires the general council to make the final apportionments for the current year at the first meeting of the general assembly, and the council has not yet

On October 18th the interests of the East Tennessee Land Company in a miscellaneous lot of securities and notes. The sale was to satisfy a claim by Herman Niemeyer or \$25,000, with interest. The levy on the company's property was made by the sheriff on November 17, 1886. Ex-Marshal Jaffee was present. The body of the court was the same. Of course, the members of the body sustained Mr. Stockdell in his request, and when the motion to adjourn was carried it was to adjourn to Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

During the session of the body the question of salaries of the mayor, aldermen and

Damaged by the Floods. Vienna, October 5.—Rains and floods are causing much damage in Austria. Several villages are submerged. Many bridges, buildings and railway banks have been destroyed. The Gratz district suffered the

Drayton divorce proceedings and now as she knows when the issue will be joined. The answer by Mrs. Drayton to her husband's petition for divorce has not been filed, nor will it be filed tomorrow, which day, until this afternoon, was supposed to be the last day for the filing of the same. The divorce was granted by the court, and the people residing in that portion of the city are not favorably inclined towards a large stock stable, and an attempt has been made to prevent the erection of the stable. The matter came up at the last meeting of the general council, the fire department committee having made a favorable report on the subject. The city council after a short session adjourned.

arrive from Europe on October 1st, and her failure to do so and the impossibility of counsel seeing her are the reasons generally assigned for his asking a second examination of those.

reason for belief that it will cure you. It makes pure, rich, healthy blood, tones and strengthens the nerves, and builds up the whole system.

Only HOOD'S.
Hood's Pills are especially prepared to be
taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c. per box.

min & Stanton, well-known bar
the United States court in a suit to
dissolve the copartnership brought
Stanton against William E. C
rtner. The present firm was formed
January 10th last, succeeding a
m and Mr. Stanton declares he

For some time past they have been "planting their paper," or, in other words, securing loans from country banks. Their paper is said to be sold over New England and is placed

bank mentioned above the collateral for the note was \$5,000 Illinois Central railroad 4 per cent bonds and \$14,000 5 per cent bonds of the American Debenture Company, of New York. The debenture company was a creation of Coffin & Stanton's. It issued its own bonds, and these were

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his afternoon the Hon. ALVA A. CLARK told that Mr. Shipman, counsel for Mrs. Rayton, had made another application for an extension of time beyond that fixed in which to file her answer. Mr. Shipman asked for only a few days, but, as a matter of professional courtesy, Mr. Clark has agreed to extend the day for filing the answer to the petition for the permit. There was objection to the building, and the council, after several of the members had discussed it, decided to let the final disposition of the matter go over to the meeting this afternoon, when both sides will be heard from.

A Rivalist in Meridian.

arrive from Europe on October 1st, and her failure to do so and the impossibility of counsel seeing her are the reasons generally assigned for his asking a second examination of those.

UNCLE SAM'S COURT. IN THE LOCAL FIELD.

A Large Number of Criminal Cases Disposed of Yesterday.

THE CASE OF BLALOCK IS SETTLED

It Has Been Pending for a Number of Years—Other Cases Tried Before Judge Newman.

The indictments on nearly a dozen counts which have been long pending in the United States court against Calvin C. Blalock, a government distiller of White county, were disposed of by Judge Newman yesterday morning.

The case came up for trial on the most serious of the several charges and the hearing of the case occupied several hours and was quite intricate.

Blalock stands very well in his community in White county. He is a justice of the peace and owns some property. Five years ago he embarked in the business of a distiller and bought an extensive outfit. In the accustomed way he notified the government of what he was doing, and an officer was sent down to make the usual preparations for the opening of the distillery.

The officer found everything in good shape and so reported to his superior officers and to Blalock. It was not long, however, before irregularities in the management of the enterprise were hinted at.

A complete inspection of his methods of business were made, and it was discovered by the officers that Blalock had been deceiving them. Although he was running under the cover and protection of the law, the officers claim that they discovered that Blalock was daily violating the revenue provisions, and was surreptitiously removing whisky and putting it on the market without paying the prescribed tax.

They claim that in this way he was smuggling a considerable quantity of blockade booze through without paying the revenue tax, and was in a fair way to make a fortune out of the business when they discovered what was going on.

Indictments on a number of counts were found, and Blalock was arrested. As he stood very well he had no trouble in giving bond, and up to yesterday he had succeeded in having the case kept from trial. It was pushed forward yesterday, however.

He was tried on one of the counts yesterday morning and given a sentence of six months in jail and a fine of \$200 and costs additional. He will have to spend the half year in jail and at the end of that time pay the fine or take the pauper's oath. The case excited unusual interest in the court yesterday.

He Was Rather Swell.

A moonshiner wearing patent leather shoes and white duck pants in the company of a party. A handsome well-dressed young man with these adjuncts of a gentleman's dress, appeared before Commissioner Nash Broyles yesterday morning.

He answered to the name of Joseph Tugle, and Commissioner Broyles was plainly astonished when the young fellow was brought in by a marshal on a warrant charging him with making whisky. He was unlike any moonshiner that had ever been carried before the commissioner, and the young fellow seemed to feel the incongruity.

"Do I look like a moonshiner?" he asked. "I guess not. These fellows are away off." Despite appearances the deputy marshals made out a pretty strong case against the young man and he was sent to jail. Tugle was arrested in a quiet and remote corner of Heard county. He stated that his home was in Carroll county and that he was just over there for a brief stay.

At the same time that Tugle was bound over Frank Huffman, also of Heard county, was bound over for making whisky. It was not Huffman's first time by any means. He has been before Commissioner Broyles three times since June 1st. He was up first for making whisky. Later he was brought up for the serious offense of shooting at a witness in a case against him in the United States court. Yesterday he was up on a charge of making whisky. He was bound over.

A Big Roll of Papers.

A large batch of papers were filed in the clerk's office at the United States building yesterday bearing on the case of T. Jefferson Coolidge against J. H. Franklin. The report of the special commissioner, Mr. Victor Smith and a number of other papers bearing on the matter were among those filed. It appears that Mr. Smith has sold property as directed to the amount of nearly \$25,000. An order confirming the sale was granted.

One Million Dollars are Invested in the Cream of Tartar plant used to supply the Price Baking Powder Company of Chicago.

The plant is the largest in the world of the powder the strongest and purest in the world.

How He Felt.

From The Detroit Free Press.

It was past midnight, and the streets were quiet as a store last doesn't advertise, when the policeman met a belated citizen very profoundly inebriated but still able to walk, though he took up all the space. The party would have gone on, but somehow he butted into the officer.

"Scuse me," he said thickly. "Thought ev'body 'ad gone home by this time."

"It's where you ought to be," suggested the officer.

"Course it is, I'm trying to get there. You got home, too?" he asked. "Better if you got a wife."

"No, I'm a police officer."

The late one looked at him as if trying to remember what had been said.

"Well," he asked, "can't a p'lice officer have a wife?"

The officer smiled.

"Here," he said, "you go on home. You ought to have gone a good deal earlier than this."

"Couldn't," he replied as he gathered himself for the next move. "Y'see, when I go home, I've got to have 'ole street to walk on, an' it don't get empty early. You go on away an' gimme room," and he waved the officer to one side and proceeded.

What's the use of wasting time with inferior cooking materials? Mr. Price's Baking Powder saves time and money.

SOCIETY NOTES.

Mrs. E. M. McCarthy and Miss Katie McCarthy returned yesterday morning after an extended trip of several months in Colorado. They will be the guests of Mrs. E. G. McCabe for a few days, before going to their new home, 815 Peachtree.

Miss Mary Bridges, one of Atlanta's most attractive young ladies, left yesterday for Athens, where she goes to attend the marriage of Mr. Rutherford Lipscomb and Miss Maggie Talmadge.

On Monday last, Miss Hattie Hanvey, of Atlanta, and Mr. A. Dockins, of Waltham, S. C., were united in marriage at the Mountain View hotel, Clarksville, Ga., Rev. Mr. Vannose officiating. Quite a number of friends and relatives were present. The groom is well and favorably known in that section, while the bride has many friends in this city.

Miss Ruby Scruggs, daughter of Hon. W. L. Scruggs, is visiting her uncle, Colonel George F. Scruggs, at Huntsville, Ala.

S. W. Swanson, formerly of Atlanta, but now a resident of Sioux Falls, S. D., is visiting friends in the city.

Short Stories of Minor Happenings Gathered from Many Sources.

THE CITY BRIEFLY MIRRORRED

Items from Courts, Police, Industry, Politics, the Churches and Other Departments—Life in a Large City.

—Al Marshall's team won the second game of ball yesterday from the Fort McPherson nine by a score of 3 to 2. The battery for Atlanta was Lawshe and Stone and for the McPherson nine Humphries, Kenny and Miller. Up to the fourth inning the score was 1 to 0 in favor of the soldiers, but they went to pieces in the fifth and the Atlanta boys went ahead. Marshall's team put up a good fielding game, but the game was won by Lawshe's pitching and his batting. He made two home runs. The soldiers all hit hard, but couldn't place the ball safely. There will be another game next week, and as the soldiers expect new men the score will be close.

Two runs were made by the fire department yesterday; one early in the morning and the other at high noon. At 6 o'clock there was an alarm turned in from box 82. The department responded promptly but the blaze was out before they could reach it. It was caused by an explosion at the gas works. It had secured any headway it might have proved dangerous. The second alarm was from box 28. The fire was in the roof of the residence of John O. Jones, and it was burned completely off. The house is owned by Simmons & Co. The damage was small.

Justice Orr disposed of a damage suit against the city in short order yesterday afternoon. Moses Broyles was the owner of a mule some weeks ago; yesterday he went before Justice Orr, accompanied by his attorney, and endeavored to make the justice see that the city should pay him for the mule. It seems that the mule walked into an old well and came out in a very exhausted condition, dying later from the effects of the fall. It was on private property that the fall occurred and Justice Orr decided that Broyles had no ground of action.

—Mr. Henry Saloshin left last night for Louisville, Ky., where he goes to attend the international convention of the Typographical Union. He goes as the delegate from the Atlanta Union, and will take a close interest in the proceedings of the body. The convention will be in session one week. When it adjourns he will go to Cincinnati for a week. Mr. Saloshin is connected with The Constitution's composing room, and is one of the most expert printers in the country.

—Colonel J. N. Bateman presided yesterday in the suit of Lofton against Plinton. Judge pro hoc vice, Judge Lumpkin being disqualified. A bond for title was involved, and there was considerable discussion as to payments made on the property. One of the attorneys representing Lofton was Mr. Hugh Dorsey, who was admitted to the bar, but he handled the cross examinations for the plaintiff in admirable style.

—Hon. A. O. Blalock, ex-senator from the twenty-sixth district, who was a candidate for representative from Fayette county, was in the city yesterday. The returns show that Mr. Blalock was defeated by a pretty even majority by W. M. Cook, popularly known as "Blackie," who was a regularity in the election and it is possible that there will be a contest.

—Tom Powell, notorious in criminal circles, was in Judge Westmoreland's court yesterday in the role of defendant. He had several cases against him. He was convicted for stealing shoes in one instance, and pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing in another. He was fined \$50 and costs in one case and \$25 and costs in another. Powell has been connected with several robberies and has been in jail several times.

—There was an important meeting of the executive committee of the Cotton States and International exposition yesterday. Rules governing exhibitors and officers of the exposition were adopted. Later these will be compiled and published in pamphlet form and distributed among those for whom they were intended.

—A number of prominent Georgia politicians were at the Kimball yesterday, among them Messrs. A. O. Bacon, W. H. Fleming, Fleming Dubignon, George Brown, Howard Thompson, Walter Brantley, Usher Thomasson and W. A. Broughton. Mr. Bacon went to Mon last night and Mr. Fleming to Augusta.

—Mr. Ed Calloway, of the Kimball house, returned yesterday from a three weeks' vacation. While gone he visited his old home at Forsyth, Ga., going from there to Chicago. He spent several days in the Windy City. He visited the scene of the world's fair.

—The meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association tomorrow afternoon will be addressed by Rev. R. V. Atkinson, pastor of the Central Congregational church. He is an able speaker and will doubtless draw a large crowd.

—Suit was filed yesterday in the clerk's office by Mr. S. J. Hall as attorney for James Reeves. Reeves is suing the city for \$1,800 damages on account of some property. He claims that that is the amount in which he has been damaged and asks that the city reimburse him.

—True bills were found yesterday by the federal grand jury against the plaintiffs of W. H. Hooper, Messrs. W. R. Morrison, A. P. Duncan, J. W. Reed, J. T. Morrison and J. M. Morrison. The cases will probably be tried week after next.

—Judge Gober spent yesterday in Atlanta. It has been printed in some of the papers of the state that Judge Gober would be a candidate for Judge Simmons's seat on the supreme bench. That is not the case. Judge Gober will not oppose Judge Simmons.

—Frank M. Kennedy, a white man, was tried and convicted of illicit distilling in the United States court yesterday morning. He was given one month. W. A. Maclellan was acquitted of the same charge.

—The infant child of Chief of Detectives Wright was interred in Westview cemetery at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. A large number of friends attended the funeral.

—Hon. Charles L. Bartlett, the next congressman from the sixth district, was in Atlanta yesterday. He is pleased with the result of the election.

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PROFESSIONAL SUCCESS.

Theatergoers will recognize the above portraits as those of a young actress, of whom the world already knows much, and is destined to know more. The lady, Miss Ellen Vockey, was born in Baltimore, graduated in music from the Peabody institute of that city, and finished her musical education at Leipzig, in Germany. Even in childhood she gave evidence of possessing the dramatic instinct. Her earliest professional appearances were on the German stage, as "Mary Stuart" and "Jane Eyre." In this country as "Juliet," "Parthenia" and "Lady Teazle"—with marked success. As a dramatic reader, she has won high praise, having given selections from Schiller and Goethe before the German court. During the world's fair in Chicago, she created a sensation in performances in the woman's building, and also at the Calumet theater. Since then she has repeated her success in New York and elsewhere. In Washington, where she resides, Miss Vockey is a great favorite, being as charitable as she is talented. We gladly make room for the following letter, showing her good fortune in a hygienic, as well as a dramatic direction.

239 W. 22d Street, New York.—The Pre-Digested Food Company, 30 Reade Street, New York. Gentlemen: I beg leave to inform you that I have used your Paskola, and find it an excellent thing as a flesh and strength producer. I heard of it through a friend, and also from my brother, who is a painter. Both recommended me to try it, and I did so. As my work is hard and exhausting, I often felt faint after a performance. Indeed, half the time I had no appetite, but since I began the use of Paskola I have a lovely appetite and have gained flesh. It is an excellent stomach food, and the stomach absorbs it easily. I can only speak of it in the highest terms, and shall continue its use during the hot weather. I recommend it to the profession, for use both before and after a performance. I hope what I here say may induce

other weak and nervous women to try Paskola. Yours truly, ELLEN VOCKEY. A reporter recently called on Sergeant Elkins B. Dunn, New York's weather prophet, to talk with him about the matter. He was found in his office, looking exceedingly well. In response to an inquiry he said: "I have used the pre-digested food, Paskola, myself, and in my family, and I must say that I have found it just what is claimed for it. In fact, I have been chanting the praises of it very steadily ever since I first began to use it. Why shouldn't I? It has built me up and made a new man of me. You see how fresh and rosy I am, and I intend to keep so."

All brain workers—actors, lawyers, doctors, inventors, artists, clergymen, authors, editors, merchants, financiers, etc., are almost certain to suffer from indigestion and dyspepsia, with its attendant nervous prostration. They become anemic and weak. Lacking necessary nourishment, body and mind run down together. Drugs do no good. At best drugs in such cases are mere pickers to stir the dying embers. What is wanted is more fuel; that is, food which the system can receive and assimilate without taxing the digestive organs.

Such a food (and the only one in existence) is Paskola. Being pre-digested, it spares the stomach the labor imposed by ordinary food, enters the blood and is at once taken up by the hungry and needy body. It virtually rests the stomach. That is both science and sense.

People who were weak, tired, feeble, low-spirited, dyspepsia-cursed and consumptive, write us daily from Maine to Mexico, saying they are getting fat and hearty on Paskola, after a weary and useless dosing with drugs and cod liver oil. And with reason. Paskola stands for the true theory—the right practice.

Send your name to The Pre-Digested Food Company, 30 Reade Street, New York, and they will send free an interesting pamphlet on Food and Digestion.



Manufacturers and Dealers in EVERYTHING OPTICAL. Leaders in grinding oculists' prescriptions. Lenses, Kellums and scientific opticals, 51 Marietta street, opposite post-office.

There Are No Heads Above This, BUT UNDER

Will be found some that, if carefully read and taken advantage of will be of value to you:



First. Are you building? If so, we represent P. and F. Corbin, of New Britain, Conn., as sole agents for their fine Builders' Hardware. Their line is complete in anything from the cheapest to the finest and embraces the largest line of designs in this country.



Second. The Tariff on Pocket Cutlery has been reduced and our import orders have just arrived. A beautiful line to select from and very low prices.



Third. Our new catalogue of Guns, Pistols, Cartridges, Hunting Suits, etc., will be out about the first of October. If you contemplate purchasing any of this class of goods and cannot call on us, wait and get one of our catalogues, mailed free of charge.



Fourth. The football season has just opened. Our goods have arrived and are new throughout. We can furnish you anything from a fifty cent to a five-dollar football. Gymnasium Goods, Boxing Gloves and anything in Athletics. Catalogue mailed free.

The Clarke Hardware Company, Atlanta, - - - Ga.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors. All creditors of the estate of M. B. Bone, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law and to persons indebted to said estate are required to pay the same immediately.

THOMAS J. DEMPSEY, Adm'r. September 7, 1894. Jackson, Ga.

JUST LOOK AT THIS!

He is hard to down and SATZKY has just returned from New York with a first-class line of Cassimere, Cheviot, etc.

SATZKY, THE TAILOR

11 E. Alabama St.

CARTER & GILLESPIE ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

Phone 1025. 36 N. BROAD ST.

septil-mur sat tue

SYPHILIS CURE FOR LIFE

IN 20 to 60 days, under medical guarantee, backed by a capital of half a million dollars. Cures not cured by Hot Spices, mercury or other treatments especially solicited. No failures. No cure, no pay. Absolute proofs at office, or mailed on request.

THE ORIGINAL DR. COOK OF ANTONIO CURE CO. 111 N. 12th St., St. Louis, Mo.

S. A. L.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPT. 23, 1894.

"The Atlanta Special" Solid Vestibuled Train—No Extra Fare Charged.

NORTHBOUND. SOUTHBOUND.

7 15 am Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 8 00 pm 6 45 pm 8 55 am 10 30 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 10 30 pm 11 15 pm 11 30 am 12 15 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 12 15 pm 1 00 pm 1 15 am 2 00 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 2 00 pm 2 45 pm 2 55 am 3 40 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 3 40 pm 4 25 pm 4 35 am 5 20 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 5 20 pm 6 05 pm 6 15 am 7 00 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 7 00 pm 7 45 pm 7 55 am 8 40 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 8 40 pm 9 25 pm 9 35 am 10 20 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 10 20 pm 11 05 pm 11 15 am 12 00 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 12 00 pm 12 45 pm 12 55 am 1 30 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 1 30 pm 2 15 pm 2 25 am 3 00 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 3 00 pm 3 45 pm 3 55 am 4 30 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 4 30 pm 5 15 pm 5 25 am 6 00 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 6 00 pm 6 45 pm 6 55 am 7 30 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 7 30 pm 8 15 pm 8 25 am 9 00 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 9 00 pm 9 45 pm 9 55 am 10 30 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 10 30 pm 11 15 pm 11 25 am 12 00 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 12 00 pm 12 45 pm 12 55 am 1 30 pm Lv. Atlanta, Ar. 1 30 pm 2 15 pm 2 25 am 3 00 pm Lv. 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ALL NOTED MEN.

Some Interesting Facts About the Government Exposition Commission.

SHORT SKETCHES OF THE MEMBERS

Showing Who They Are and What Each of Them Represents.

SEVERAL SOUTHERNERS ON THE BOARD

And All of the Members Are Much Interested in the Work They Will Be of Great Value to the Exposition.

A most important part in the upbuilding of the great Cotton States and International exposition will be that assigned to the government commission, for the government exhibit will be one of the most notable factors in the exposition's success.

The personnel of the commission is of the highest. Among its members are some of the best known officials of the government, most of them men who have had experience in exposition work and who, therefore, are especially fitted to the particular duties which have been assigned to them by this appointment. With the exception of Mr. Kemper and Major Barry, of the war department, the members who have been appointed have had experience in exposition work. Professors Goode, of the Smithsonian institute, and Professor Bean, of the fish commission, have served on more exposition boards than any other two men in the country and their services will be of especial value to Atlanta and its big show.

It is a fact worthy of note that several of the members are southerners. They have evinced especial interest in their work on that account and will give their hearty co-operation in every possible way, as, in fact, will all of the members.

A few facts concerning the individual

association, he is determined to make the government building for Atlanta as beautiful and artistic as the treasury can turn out. Mr. Kemper was born June 8, 1853, at Cross Keys, Rockingham county, Virginia, on the ground of the conduct of that place between Stonewall Jackson and General Fremont. He was educated at private schools and academies, finishing at Washington and Lee university, from which institution he graduated in the law class of 1881-82. He located in Staunton, Va., and practiced his profession there until his appointment in the office of supervising architect as assistant and chief clerk in 1888. Mr. Kemper is the executive officer of the office in which he serves, looking after its business affairs as distinguished from the architectural branch of the office.

Professor Frank Wigglesworth Clarke, of the geological survey, will represent the interior department. He had supreme control over the four big bureaus of that department at the last Cincinnati exposition and at the world's fair.

Professor Clarke is taking the utmost interest in the exposition, as it will be, by the work he has already put upon the subject. From now until the exposition opens he will be busy building up a complete collection of southern photographic scenes, of mineral deposits and everything which will tend to give the geological survey a complete history of the southern area, a thing which has never been done before. He says the exposition will be of great advantage to the government, inasmuch as it affords an opportunity to undertake this



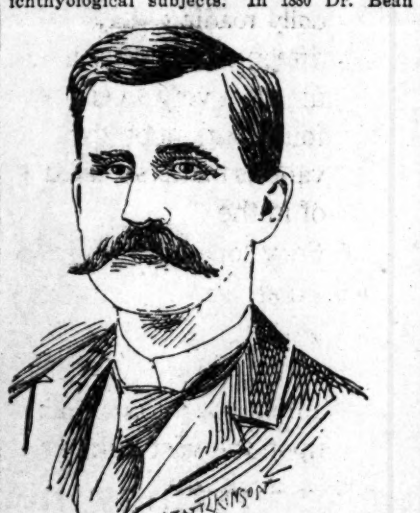
MAJOR FRANK STRONG.

great work which would necessarily have had to be done at some future day.

Mr. Edward Ireland Renick, chief clerk of the department of state and representative of that department at the Cotton States and International exposition, was born in Baltimore, Md., in 1856. He removed to Salem, Va., with his parents in 1860. At the age of ten years he entered Roanoke college, Virginia, from which he was graduated with the second honor in his class in 1877. In 1880-81 he took the law course of the University of Virginia in one year, receiving the degree of bachelor of law.

In coming to Atlanta Mr. Renick will be among friends. He has many of them here who feel proud of his success and will extend him a hearty welcome.

Dr. Tarleton H. Bean, M.D., M.S., who will represent the fish commission, is a native of Pennsylvania and was born in 1846. He graduated from the state normal school of that state. For several years after his graduation he devoted his time to teaching, but his special bent was toward history and he spent as much time in the practical study of it. In 1874 he went with the United States fish commission and also studied medicine, taking his degree of M.D. from the University of Pennsylvania in 1876. He has since for the fish commission has been kept up continually ever since. He and Professor Goode have for a number of years worked together on a series of joint papers on ichthyological subjects. In 1880 Dr. Bean



DR. TARLETON H. BEAN.

went to Alaska and made a study of the fishes and birds. In 1883 he went to the London fisheries exposition and his publications received a silver medal, and then he had a special mission to Vienna, which enabled him to study the fishes in the museums at Paris, Genoa, Vienna, and Berlin. Since 1882 he has been assistant in charge of the division of fish culture in the United States fish commission. In the organization of the world's fisheries congress at the world's fair last year Dr. Bean was the principal assistant of Commissioner Marshall McDonald.

Major Frank Strong, general agent of the department of justice, was born at Albion, N. Y., is about fifty years of age. He went to Wisconsin when a boy, a few years before the war. He entered the service as a private in 1861 in the Second Wisconsin cavalry volunteers; was major and held staff position as inspector general of the Third division, Seventh army corps, United States volunteers, when mustered out in 1865. He settled in Little Rock, Ark., after the war and married there. He was appointed



CHARLES E. KEMPER.

pointed general agent of the department of justice under Attorney General Garland and continued as such through the first Cleveland administration. Afterwards he practiced law in Washington and was reappointed general agent by Attorney General Olney in 1883, which position he still holds.

Major Thomas H. Barry, who represents the war department, graduated from West Point in 1871 and from that time until his removal to Washington a year ago he has been nothing but frontier service in the army. He was appointed by Secretary Lamont on account of his executive ability and energy. He is now making a tour of inspection through the west, Major Davis,

of the army, says he will make a complete exhibit of the war department in Atlanta.

Mr. Kerr Craig, third assistant postmaster general, who represents the post office department, was born in Salisbury, N. C., and is about forty-eight years old. He is six feet tall, rather stout and wears a small mustache. He graduated from the University of North Carolina, after which



MR. E. I. RENICK.

he entered upon the practice of law. He has been a man of eminence in his state for many years. He was internal revenue collector of his district during Mr. Cleveland's first term. He was once nominated for congress from the district formerly represented by his father, Hon. Burton Craig, but refused to make the race. He intends making a very full postal exhibit at the exposition.

Mr. W. Irving Adams, the newly elected secretary and disbursing officer of the United States governing board of management for the Cotton States and International exposition, is no stranger to exposition work, having been financial secretary to the United States commission guard at the Paris exposition of 1889 and was chief clerk of the board of management of the Columbian exposition of 1893. His work has been so eminently satisfactory in previous expositions that



W. IRVING ADAMS.

he was selected for the above position as being the best man for the place. Mr. Adams is a direct descendant from the illustrious Massachusetts Adams stock, and it may be interesting for Atlanta people to know that Mrs. Adams is a native of their city.

In the old homestead true comfort reigns, particularly when the inmates use Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

WEATHER FORECAST AND SYNOPSIS

The mean temperature yesterday in Atlanta was 60 degrees, which was 7 degrees below the normal, and it was the coolest day so far this fall. The temperature for the past several days has been growing cooler all over the country. In the north-west and west it has been quite cold, especially the nights, and frosts have been common in those sections the past few mornings.

There is an area of high pressure central in the west and northwest, which is likely to cause the present good weather to continue for a day or two, and the temperature will remain about stationary.

Light rains fell yesterday throughout the lake region, and a few scattered showers fell in Kansas and Florida; elsewhere it was generally clear and dry.

For Georgia today: Fair.

Local Report for October 5, 1894.

Mean daily temperature, 60. Normal temperature, 67. Highest in twenty-four hours, 70. Lowest in twenty-four hours, 51. Rainfall for twenty-four hours, .01. Deficiency of rainfall since January 1st, 8.47.

The Weather Bulletin.

Observations taken at 7 o'clock p. m.

STATIONS AND STATE	Barometric Pressure.	Wind Velocity.	Wind Direction.	Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.
ALBANY, N. Y., clear.	30.04	10	W	60	40
ALBANY, N. Y., clear.	30.02	10	W	60	40
ALBANY, N. Y., clear.	30.02	10	W	60	40
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AND PRESIDENT COOK!

President of the National Teachers' Association---Paine's Celery Compound.



E. H. COOK, A. M., Ph. D., ex-head master of the Rutgers college preparatory school, New Brunswick, N. J., and president of the national educational association, graduated at Bowdoin in 1886. He organized the West Chester, Penn., state normal school, and was the first principal of the normal school at Potsdam, N. Y., spending \$80,000 in the erection of new buildings and renovation of old.

Says The Journal of Education: Mr. Cook is widely known and highly appreciated for the genuine boom that every institution with which he has been connected has enjoyed, and from the prominence given him by the state associations of Ohio, New York and New Jersey. He has the tact to take advantage of circumstances, the ability to decide promptly, and the energy to execute. He has accomplished enough to satisfy any man's professional ambition, and set the best work and highest honors ought to be ahead of him.

Dr. Cook has been sick. Paine's celery compound has made him well!

As it has made thousands of others well. Professor Cook is one of the editors of The Educational Review. He knows just what the English language means. Here is what he writes:

"Last winter I had a severe attack of the grip, which was followed by complete nervous prostration. I lost forty pounds of flesh in as many days. After trying change of climate and various remedies without any apparent benefit, at the suggestion of a friend I began to take Paine's celery compound. Its effect was very marvelous. My appetite returned, my digestion was improved, and I began to sleep regularly, which I had not done for weeks. I am still taking the compound, but regard myself as a well man. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and they are all loud in its praise."

Can anything be plainer?

Paine's celery compound makes people well. Just try it.

THE FARMERS COMING

THEIR GREAT POPULARITY

The National Farmers' Convention to Meet Here Next Year.

HUNDREDS OF FARMERS WILL COME

A Telegram from Secretary Widdby Announces the Decision of the Convention to Meet in Atlanta.

The farmers' national congress will hold its next annual convention in Atlanta. It will bring to the city about two thousand of the best and most representative farmers in the United States.

The congress has been in session at Parkersburg, W. Va., for three days past and a telegram from First Secretary Widdby, received in the city yesterday afternoon by Mr. G. W. Harrison, announced that the convention had by a unanimous vote decided to come to Atlanta.

Several of Georgia's most prominent farmers are in attendance. A large delegation from the State Agricultural Association was appointed to go, besides a number of well known farmers named by Governor Northen.

Mr. W. G. Widdby has been the secretary of the organization for two or three years and for three months past he has been agitating the movement to get the congress for Atlanta. He placed the matter before the exposition directors, before Governor Northen and before a number of societies. Mr. Harrison has taken a deep interest in getting this convention to come here.

Invitations were secured from more than a score of organizations throughout the state—most of them from Atlanta—and these were printed in neat pamphlet form and circulated among the delegates at the national congress this week. The strong invitation evidently made an impression on the farmers, and it was by a unanimous vote that the convention decided upon Atlanta as the next meeting place.

Water Cure Sanatorium

Is permanently located in Griffin, Ga., to receive and treat a invalids. Send postage stamp for circular.

March 12, 1894.

March 12-12th.

Notice.

I want every man and woman in the United States interested in the Optum and Whisky habits to have one of my books on these diseases, address B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga. Box 378, and one will be sent you free.

JACK CLANCEY'S HOTEL

At Macon is Right in it with the Traveling Public.

To mention Jack Clancey's name in connection with a hotel is a guarantee that all guests will be well treated and that all the comforts of home will be provided for them.

The entire traveling public of the south is acquainted with this genial landlord and his first-class hotel, where he has made the new Park hotel, of Macon, a perfect little gem, and its capacity is always taxed to its utmost to accommodate the large number of daily arrivals. The Park has a most convenient location. It can be reached from either of the passenger depots by the electric car line that passes the door. The rooms and fare are all that could be desired and the two-dollars-a-day rate catches the people.

Mr. Clancey is making special arrangements to accommodate an extra large crowd during the Dixie fair, and there who engage rooms with him can rest assured that they will receive their money's worth.

Three trains daily between Atlanta and Chattanooga on Southern railway. Free observation cars. Ticket office Kimball house corner and union depot.

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BICYCLES.



We are closing out our entire stock of Bicycles, new and second-hand, at and below cost. Now is your chance. Come quick if you want a bargain. Send for special price list.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO.

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BAD BREAKS

often occur in some articles of jewelry. Watch spring snaps, stone slips out of its setting, ring cracks, or a thousand and one other little accidents happen. It's convenient to know just where you can get all these matters adjusted by skilled workmen, with expedition and at reasonable prices. Put our address in your pocketbook in case of need. J. P. Stevens & Bros., jewelers, 47 Whitehall street.

we grow

constantly increasing traffic made it necessary to enlarge our floor space—the adjoining store, no. 42 Marietta street is now occupied by us—that's proof of success—we'll have the entire block after awhile—we treat you right—that's why.

bluthenthal "b. & b." & bickart.

hello! no. 378.

old oscar pepper.
canadian club.
four aces.

schlitz beer (brewery bottling.)

FRANK M. POTTS,
HENRY POTTS,
JOSEPH THOMPSON.

Potts-Thompson

Liquor Co.

WHOLESALE

AND DISTILLERS OF

Stone Mountain

Corn Whisky,

7-13 Decatur Street

Kimball House,

ATLANTA, GA. TELEPHONE 48.

Miss Maria PARLOA'S

COOK BOOK

containing 100 recipes which she has lately written for the LIEBIG COMPANY

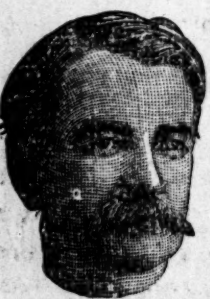
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EXTRACT OF BEEF

Dr. W. W. Bowes,
SPECIALIST.



Hydrocele, Stricture, Nervous Debility, Kidney and Liver Disease, Impotency, Spermatorrhea, Enlarged Prostate Glands, Skin Diseases, Gleet, Rheumatism, Syphilis, Pimples, Dyspepsia, Facial Hemorrhoids, Moles, Hemorrhoids or Piles, Rectal Ulcer-Fistula.

VARICOCELE Permanently cured. No cutting, no bleeding, no detention from business. Address DR. W. W. BOWES, Atlanta, Ga.

Consultation at office or by mail free. Book and questions for 4 cents in stamps. DR. W. W. BOWES, 15 1/2 Marietta St.

ABE FRY.

I will sell out my entire stock of Diamonds and Watches at and below cost, on account of going out of the jewelry business on January 1st. I will sell you any watch 25 percent less than any other house, get their prices and then mine for so much less. Diamonds 33 percent less than anywhere. I carry the largest stock in the city, and have sold more than any two houses in the city.

ABE FRY,
4 PEACHTREE ST.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. M. WOOLLEY, M.D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 104 1/2 Whitehall St.

Old papers for sale at The Constitution office at 20 cents per hundred.

HE FOLLOWED CUSTER

One of the Famous Indian Fighters in Atlanta Yesterday.

A BIG CROWD WAS WITH HIM

A Special Train of Cavalrymen Passed Through the City en Route to the West Yesterday Afternoon.

It isn't every day one sees a soldier who fought in the command of Custer.

But such a man was in Atlanta yesterday, and it was none other than Joe Milton, the gallant soldier whose life was saved in the memorable battle of Little Big Horn, where the brave Custer and his men were massacred, by having been sent back to the rear to do some cooking for the band of the regiment.

Joe Milton is a tall fellow with bronzed face and gray mustache, large, square shoulders and tapering figure. He is still a private soldier in the service of the United States government and came through Atlanta yesterday with Troop F, of the famous Seventh regiment.

When the train on the Southern railway from Washington pulled into the union passenger depot late in the afternoon there were sixty-five regulars aboard, all bound for the west, where they have received orders to go. They have been at Fort Myer, across the Potomac from Washington, for the past three years, and were en route to Fort Sam Houston, at San Antonio, Tex.

All of the soldiers were in service with Troop F, of the Seventh regiment, which is the same regiment with which the famous G. A. Custer fought. They traveled on a special train furnished by the Southern Railway Company, and had every comfort given them on the trip, having their officers' horses with them, and all their baggage and accoutrements.

Private John Milton was quietly sitting in one of the passenger cars when seen by a Constitution representative, and was musily looking out of the window.

He was alone, for all of the other soldiers had gone out of the car to stretch their limbs, walking up and down the plank road or to cross the street to the nearest bar-room to get a drink.

"Yes, sir, I was a soldier in the Seventh regiment with Custer," said he to the inquiries of the reporter.

"How near were you to the fighting?" was asked.

"Near as I wanted to be; the way it turned out," was the humorous reply, and the soldier laughed heartily.

"No, I was sent to the rear just in time to save my neck," continued the war-worn fellow, and he buttoned up his blue jacket tight around his body as he spoke. "I was sent back to do some cooking for the band, and in this way was saved. There was not a single soul saved out of the 261 that went down into the valley with Custer, and only one horse. The old horse was caught and kept by the command for years afterwards. He was the horse of Captain Kehoe, and his name was Comanche. When the old animal died we skinned him and adjusted the skeleton and the stuffed horse is still to be seen in the museum of the University of Kansas. He was taken to the world's fair and placed on exhibition and afterwards was carried to the university. For a long time we kept the stuffed horse in the barracks of the fort we were stationed at."

The soldier told a thrilling story as an eye-witness of the great fight that Custer made at Little Big Horn. He said there were thousands of Sioux Indians around the country, and that when they closed in upon the troops in the valley those who had been left behind knew there was but little hope of getting any of them out of the valley alive. He says it was a ghastly murder and massacre of men—nothing short of a disgraceful massacre.

Since the fight made with Custer the Seventh regiment of cavalry has been stationed in the west until three years ago, when they were sent to Washington, and have been there since, having but lately been ordered back to the west.

Joe Milton is the only soldier with the command that was with Custer. He has been in the service of the United States army twenty-seven years. He is as contented today as he was the first day he entered and has never grown weary of the army. He is a plucky looking trooper, still has quite a young appearance to have had such experience in the service as he has.

Captain J. M. Bell and Lieutenant W. H. Baldwin and R. Sewell were in charge of the command passing Atlanta yesterday.

The scientists who have drawn their endorsement of the powder branded "absolutely pure," because its formula is contained in commending Dr. Price's Baking Powder as the most wholesome and efficient leavening agent now before the public.

THE RAILROAD MEN.

Mr. L. L. Knight to Speak Tomorrow Afternoon.

Tomorrow at 3:30 o'clock p. m., another popular meeting will be held at the new rooms of the railroad department of the Young Men's Christian Association, 44 1/2 East Alabama street. Mr. Lucian L. Knight has been secured to address the meeting. This announcement should serve to bring out a large crowd. The singing, always full of life, will be aided tomorrow by a number of instruments and this will be an enjoyable part of the exercises. A good orchestra for this work is being formed.

Last Sunday the large new hall was well filled with railroad men and they were all delighted with the excellent addresses and the good music men in the band.

The railroad department extends to all railroad employees a hearty invitation to visit the rooms during the week. The building is open at 8 o'clock a. m. and until 9 p. m. The current news of the day may always be had from the papers on file. A number of the best magazines are on the tables; a convenient place for letter writing is provided and stationery and stamps are kept for the convenience of those who wish to write. Some men have an idea that the rooms are open only to members. This is a mistake. All men are made welcome whether members or not. The "latchstring" is always out and the watchword is always "welcome."

Vigor, vitality and a healthy appetite imparted by Little Anker-Purina Biscuits. B. Siegert & Sons, At all drug stores.

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Southern Express Company's "Old Moss" Sale.

Unless called for and charges paid, or otherwise disposed of, the Southern Express Company will sell to the highest bidder at No. 15 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga., on October 1, 1894, all undelivered articles that have been on hand six months or over. Itemized list of these articles can be seen at company's office, No. 25 1/2 East Wall street. M. F. SCHOLZ, Agent. W. W. HULBERT, Acting Superintendent. sept 15 12 29 oct 6

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AUCTION! AUCTION!

Owing to the death of Mr. S. Maier, who was in the wholesale Jewelry business here for the past ten years, we are compelled to close out our mammoth stock of WATCHES, DIAMONDS, SILVERWARE and JEWELRY at auction, in order to wind up affairs. Sale commences October 15th, continuing until everything is sold.

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26	\$.45.05	1.75	1.96
27	\$.46.06	1.91	2.13
28	\$.47.07	2.08	2.31
29	\$.48.08	2.27	2.51
30	\$.49.09	2.47	2.71
31	\$.50.10	2.69	2.93
32	\$.51.11	2.93	3.16
33	\$.52.12	3.19	3.40
34	\$.53.13	3.47	3.67
35	\$.54.14	3.77	3.96
36	\$.55.15	4.09	4.27
37	\$.56.16	4.43	4.60
38	\$.57.17	4.80	4.96
39	\$.58.18	5.19	5.34
40	\$.59.19	5.61	5.74
41	\$.60.20	6.06	6.17
42	\$.61.21	6.54	6.63
43	\$.62.22	7.05	7.12
44	\$.63.23	7.59	7.64
45	\$.64.24	8.16	8.19
46	\$.65.25	8.76	8.77
47	\$.66.26	9.39	9.38
48	\$.67.27	10.05	10.02
49	\$.68.28	10.74	10.69
50	\$.69.29	11.47	11.39
51	\$.70.30	12.23	12.12
52	\$.71.31	13.03	12.88
53	\$.72.32	13.87	13.67
54	\$.73.33	14.75	14.49
55	\$.74.34	15.67	15.34
56	\$.75.35	16.63	16.23
57	\$.76.36	17.63	17.16
58	\$.77.37	18.67	18.13
59	\$.78.38	19.75	19.14
60	\$.79.39	20.87	20.19
61	\$.80.40	22.03	21.28
62	\$.81.41	23.23	22.41
63	\$.82.42	24.47	23.58
64	\$.83.43	25.75	24.79
65	\$.84.44	27.07	26.04

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